

Ramsar Information Sheet

Published on 24 November 2021 Update version, previously published on : 1 January 2003

UkraineLower Smotrych River



Designation date
Site number
Coordinates

Coordinates Area 17 November 2003

1401

48°36'32"N 26°36'05"E

Area 1 480,00 ha

Color codes

Fields back-shaded in light blue relate to data and information required only for RIS updates.

Note that some fields concerning aspects of Part 3, the Ecological Character Description of the RIS (tinted in purple), are not expected to be completed as part of a standard RIS, but are included for completeness so as to provide the requested consistency between the RIS and the format of a 'full' Ecological Character Description, as adopted in Resolution X.15 (2008). If a Contracting Party does have information available that is relevant to these fields (for example from a national format Ecological Character Description) it may, if it wishes to, include information in these additional fields.

1 - Summary

Summary

The Site is located in the south of Kamianets-Podilskyi District of Khmelnytskyi Region. It is a unique area of lower reaches of the Smotrych River which encompasses a narrow canyon area of the river and its delta (floodplain) part. The Site holds diverse landscapes, including the river channel with its relatively fast flow, canyons, gently sloping and cliff river banks, meanders, forest stands, steppe areas, anthropogenic areas and settlements.

The Site provides habitats for various species of wildlife, playing an important role for the conservation of endangered species at the gloval and national level. Among them Epipactis purpurata, Pulsatilla grandis, Rhamnus tinctoria. Cephalanthera damasonium, Epipactis atrorubens, Epipactis purpurata, Euphorbia volhynica are listed in Annex II CITES. The Site is important for breeding species such as Accipiter gentilis and A. Nisus, Buteo buteo, Crex crex, Alcedo atthis; Falco tinnunculus. In the breeding period, the territory is visited by hunting Ciconia ciconia, Milvus migrans, Circaetes gallicus, Ardea cinerea. The Site is crucial for the reproduction of rare species of fish, namely Rutilus frisii, Alburnoides bipunctatus rossicus, Leuciscus leuciscus, Barbus barbus.

An interesting combination of landscapes, availability of cultural-historical monuments (Panivetskyi Castle, churches) makes this area attractive for numerous visitors. Abundant vegetation cover, which includes relic phytocoenoses and rarities of the global and European level as well as geological values, represents great scientific importance.

The Site is part of a territory of Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park.

2 - Data & location

2.1 - Formal data

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Institution/agency | Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park 6 Polskyi Rynok Square, Kamianets-Podilskyi, Khmelnytskyi Region, 32301, Ukraine Postal address

National Ramsar Administrative Authority

Institution/agency | Ministry of Environmental Protection and Natural Resources of Ukraine 35, Vasilya Lipkivs'kogo Street Postal address

2.1.2 - Period of collection of data and information used to compile the RIS

From year 2012 To year 2018

2.1.3 - Name of the Ramsar Site

Official name (in English, French or Spanish) Lower Smotrych River

2.1.4 - Changes to the boundaries and area of the Site since its designation or earlier update

(Update) A. Changes to Site boundary	Yes ® No O
(Update) The boundary has been delineated more accurately	√
(Update) The boundary has been extended (
(Update) The boundary has been restricted	
(Update) B. Changes to Site area I	No change to area
(Update) For secretariat only: This update is an extension	

2.1.5 - Changes to the ecological character of the Site

(Update) 6b i. Has the ecological character of the Ramsar Site (including Not evaluated applicable Criteria) changed since the previous RIS?

2.2 - Site location

2.2.1 - Defining the Site boundaries

b) Digital map/image

<2 file(s) uploaded>

Former maps | 0

Boundaries description

The Site is located in the south of Kamianets-Podilskyi District, Khmelnytskyi Region. The boundaries of the Site follows riverside lands of the lower part of the Smotrych River. In the north, the Site borders on the town of Kamianets-Podilskyi, in the south – on the mouth zone of the Smotrych River and Dniester Reservoir. The boundary includes a large floodplain forest area connected to the river, limited by arable land on the landward side.

The Site lies within boundaries of the villages of Tsybulivka (1 km, 550 people), Ziubrivka (3.0 km; 895 people), Panivtsi (4.5 km; 220 people), Shutnivtsi (6.5 km; 2,700 people), Ustia (10.0 km; 2,700 people), Tsviklivtsi (9.0 km; 2,700 people), and 1 km to the south-east from the town of Kamianets-Podilskyi (1.2 km; 100,000 people).

2.2.2 - General location

	Kamianets-Podilskyi District, Khmelnytskyi Region
the site lie?	
b) What is the nearest town or population centre?	Kamyanets-Podilskyi town

2.2.3 - For wetlands on national boundaries only

a) Does the wetland extend onto the territory of one or more other countries? Yes O No \odot

b) Is the site adjacent to another designated Ramsar Site on the territory of another Contracting Party?

2.2.4 - Area of the Site

Official area, in hectares (ha): 1480

Area, in hectares (ha) as calculated from GIS boundaries

2.2.5 - Biogeography

Biogeographic regions

Regionalisation scheme(s)	Biogeographic region
EU biogeographic regionalization	Continental

Other biogeographic regionalisation scheme

According to geobotanical zoning (Didukh, Sheliah-Sosonko, 2003) the site "Bakotska Bay" belongs to Central Podillian District of hornbeam-oak and oak forest and dry meadows of Ukranian Forest-steppe sub-Province of Eastern European Province of oak forests, steppified meadows and meadow steppes of the Forest-steppe Subregion of Eurasian Steppe Region.

According to floristical zoning (Zaverukha, 1985) the territory of the National Nature Park belongs to Postocchia-Podillian District of Liublino-Volyn-Podillian Sub-province of Central European Province of North Palearctic Sub-kingdom of Holarctic Kingdom. Zoogeographical zoning: Podillian-Ternopil Steppe Area, Volyn-Podillian Forest-Steppe Region, Dnieper-Halych District of European Forest-Steppe Zone (Nature..., 1980).

3 - Why is the Site important?

3.1 - Ramsar Criteria and their justification

☑ Criterion 1: Representative, rare or unique natural or near-natural wetland types

Hydrological services provided

The wetland plays an essential role in the natural functioning of the Dniester river basin. The Site contributes to the natural control and mitigation of floods, is important for seasonal conservation of water for other downstream areas. It provides water supply for local people.

Other ecosystem services provided

The territory is popular for summer recreation. There are aquatic tourist routes within the Site.

The Site represents a unique area of the Smotrych River, consisting of the narrowed canyon area of the river and its delta (floodplain) area. The rocky slopes of the canyon create good conditions for Other reasons nesting of birds of prey, while the floodplain area – for the reproduction of waterbirds and for spawning of various fish species. At the same time, the Site is rather typical for both the Podolian Highland and in some way for the upper Dniester area within the Continental biogeographical region.

- Criterion 2 : Rare species and threatened ecological communities
- ☑ Criterion 3 : Biological diversity

The Site provides habitats for various species, supporting biological diversity of Central European biogeographical region of mixed forests. The rich and diverse flora of the territory contributes to the maintenance of specific characteristics of the biogeographical region.

Fauna of the Site is represented by about 133 species of birds, 30 species of mammals, 10 species of amphibians, 9 species of reptiles, 25 species of fish, 139 species of insects. A significant number of them is included in international and/or national red lists.

Floristic abundance included 610 species of 95 families, belonging to Equisetophyta – 3,

Pteridophyta – 5. Pinophyta – 4. Magnoliophyta – 598.

The Site holds diverse plant communities:

Meadow-steppe - 15 associations of the class Festuco-Brometea BR.-BL. ET R.TX. 1943 Rock-limestone phytocoenoses – 3 associations of the class Asplenietea trichomanis (Br.-Bl. in Meier et Br.-Bl. 1934) Oberd. 1977,

Aguatic phytocoenoses – 5 associations of the class Lemnetea R.Tx. 1955,

Wetland phytocoenoses – 10 associations of the class Potametea RTx. et Prsq

Riverside-aguatic – 9 associations of the class Phragmito-Magnocaricetea Klika in Klika et Novak 1941

Forest phytocoenoses – 7 associations of the class Querco-Fagetea BR.-BL. ET Vlieger 1937 i Quercetea pubescenti-petraeae Jakucs (1960) 1961.

29 plant associations (according to the dominant classification) are included in the Green Book of Ukraine (2009).

- Criterion 4 : Support during critical life cycle stage or in adverse conditions
- ☑ Criterion 7 : Significant and representative fish

Justification

The Site is important as spawning grounds of common fish species. The most numerous are Cyprinus carpio, Carassius auratus, Rutilus rutilus, Abramis brama, Perca fluviatilis, Lucioperca lucioperca.

☑ Criterion 8 : Fish spawning grounds, etc.

The site is important as spawning grounds of common fish species such as pike Esox luceus L., crucian Carassius gibelio Bloch, C. carassius L., perch Perca fluviatilis L., roach Rutilus rutilus L., dace Leuciscus leuciscus L., chub L. cephalus L., Scardinius erythrophtalmus L., Gobio gobio L., Blicca bjorkna L., loach Misgurnus fossilis L., Alburnus alburnus L., bream Abramis brama L., Barbus barbus L., Neogobius gymnotrachelus Kessler.

3.2 - Plant species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Phylum	Scientific name	Criterion 2	Criterion 3	Criterion 4	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendix I	Other status	Justification
Plantae	Plantae							
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Alisma plantago-aquatica		₽		LC			
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Allium obliquum	✓	✓				Red Data Book of Ukraine - EN	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Allium strictum		₽				Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Astragalus monspessulanus		✓				Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Carex acuta		₽		LC			
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Cephalanthera damasonium		✓				Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Cytisus albus		V				Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Dictamnus albus		✓				Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Epipactis atrorubens	V	2				Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Epipactis purpurata		2		LC		Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Euphorbia illirica		2				Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Iris pseudacorus		✓		LC			
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Pulsatilla grandis		₽		LC		Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Rhamnus saxatilis tinctoria		 ✓				Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Sagittaria sagittifolia		₽		LC			
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Salvia nutans		✓				Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Scutellaria supina		 ✓				Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Staphylea pinnata		2		LC		Red Data Book of Ukraine - LC	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Stipa pennata						Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Stipa pulcherrima		2				Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Typha angustifolia		2		LC			
TRACHEOPHYTA / LILIOPSIDA	Typha latifolia		 ✓		LC			

3.3 - Animal species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Phylum	Scientific name	Specie qualific under criterio	es es r on	Sp con u cri	pecie stribu unde iterie	es utes r on	Pop. Size	Period of pop. Est.	% occurrence	IUCN	CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix		Justification
Others														
ARTHROPODA / INSECTA	Cerambyx cerdo			V						VU			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
CHORDATA / REPTILIA	Coronella austriaca			2						LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Cricetus cricetus		סנ	2						CR			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE	
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Eptesicus serotinus	77		2 (LC			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	The Site is one of the most important habitit for the species in the region
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Felis silvestris		סנ	2						LC			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
CHORDATA / REPTILIA	Lacerta viridis		םנ	2 (LC			Appendix II of Bern convention, listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
ARTHROPODA / INSECTA	Lucanus cervus			V									listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - NT	
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Lutra lutra			2						NT	V		Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE	
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Myotis daubentonii			2 (LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	The Site is one of the most important habitit for the species in the region
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Nyctalus noctula	990	םנ	2 (LC			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	The Site is one of the most important habitit for the species in the region
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Pipistrellus kuhlii	2		2 (LC			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	The Site is one of the most important habitit for the species in the region
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Plecotus auritus	2		2 (LC			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	The species uses the area as a foraging habitat and winter shelters
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Plecotus austriacus			2 (NT			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - NT	The species uses the area as a foraging habitat and winter shelters
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Rhinolophus hipposideros		םנ	2 (LC			Appendix II of Bern convention, Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	The species uses the area as a foraging habitat and winter shelters
Fish, Mollusc a	nd Crustacea													
CHORDATA / ACTINOPTERYGII	Acipenser ruthenus	2 00		2 (VU			Red Data Book of Ukraine - EN	
CHORDATA / ACTINOPTERYGII	Barbus barbus	2 20	םנ	2						LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	spawns and feeds here
CHORDATA / ACTINOPTERYGII	Carassius carassius	V		2		1				LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukrainen - VU	spawns and feeds here
CHORDATA / ACTINOPTERYGII	Leuciscus leuciscus		םנ	2						LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	
CHORDATA / ACTINOPTERYGII	Rutilus frisii			2						LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - EN	spawns and feeds here
Birds														
CHORDATA / AVES	Anas platyrhynchos			2			4000	2012-2018		LC				Mass migratory species

Phylum	Scientific name	Specie qualifie under criterio	s c	onti ur crit	ecies ributes ider erion	Pop. Size	Period of pop. Est.	% occurrence 1)	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
CHORDATA / AVES	Aythya ferina	2 20		7		500	2012-2018		VU				Mass migratory species, The highest number is observed in the March
CHORDATA / AVES	Bubo bubo			7] 4	2012-2018		LC			Red Data Book of Ukraine - NT	The Site is breeding ground for the species
CHORDATA / AVES	Bucephala clangula					100	2012-2018		LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - NT	Mass regularly wintering birds
CHORDATA / AVES	Ciconia nigra] 4	2012-2018		LC			Bern - II, listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - NT	
CHORDATA / AVES	Milvus migrans	77				2	2012-2018		LC			Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	Rare migratory and summering species
CHORDATA / AVES	Pandion haliaetus	9		7		2	2012-2018		LC			listed in the Red Data Book of Ukraine - EN, Appendix II of the Bern Convention	Rare migratory and summering species
CHORDATA / AVES	Picus viridis	990		7		8	2012-2018		LC			Red Data Book of Ukraine - VU	A rare nesting species in the region. Forests within the Site are its habitat

¹⁾ Percentage of the total biogeographic population at the site

The Site provides special habitats for bats such as winter sheltets, summer maternal shelters and feeding areas.

3.4 - Ecological communities whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Name of ecological community	Community qualifies under Criterion 2?	Description	Justification
E1.11 Euro-Siberian rock debris swards	Ø		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
E2.2 Low and medium altitude hay meadows			listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
G1.A4 Ravine and slope woodland	V		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
X18 Wooded steppe	V		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
H1 Terrestrial underground caves, cave systems, passages and waterbodies	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
G1.7 Thermophilous deciduous woodland	V		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
G1.A1 Quercus-Fraxinus-Carpinus betulus woodland on eutrophic and mesotrophic soils	V		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
G1.8 Acidophilous Quercus- dominated woodland	Ø		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention

RIS for Site no. 1401, Lower Smotrych River, Ukraine

Name of ecological community	Community qualifies under Criterion 2?	Description	Justification
G1.6 Fagus woodland	Ø		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
G1.21 Riverine Fraxinus - Alnus woodland, wet at high but not at low water	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
F9.1 Riverine scrub	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
F3.241 Central European subcontinental thickets	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
E3.4 Moist or wet eutropic and mesotrophic grassland	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
E1.2 Perennial calcareous grassland and basic steppes	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
C3.62 Unvegetated river gravel banks	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
C3.55 Sparsely vegetated river gravel banks	2		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
C3.51 Euro-Siberian dwarf annual amphibious swards (but excluding C3.5131 Toad-rush swards)	Ø		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention
C2.12 Hard water springs	Ø		listed in the Resolution No. 4 of the Bern Convention

4 - What is the Site like? (Ecological character description)

4.1 - Ecological character

The Site represents a unique area of lower reaches of the Smotrych River which encompasses a narrowed canyon area of the river and its delta (floodplain) part. The Site holds diverse landscapes, including the river channel with its relatively fast flow, canyons, gently sloping and cliff river banks, meandres, forest stands, steppe areas, anthropogenic areas and settlements.

During the low water period, the depth of the Smotrych River ranges from 2 m (near Tsybulivka Village) to 15 m (near Ustia Village), the width is 20 m, velocity – 0.7-3 m/sec.

During floods, which are observed more often in May-June, the water level can rise by 1-5 m, but do not overflow the banks of the Dniester canyon. In winter, water in the river freezes. Small streams and sources from surrounding limestone rocks run into the river. The water regime within the Site greatly depends on the formation of the river runoff and activities of the Dniester Hydropower Station and Kamianets-Podilskyi Hydropower Station.

Climate of the area is moderately continental, with mild unstable winter, relatively dry spring, warm summer with sufficient rainfall. However, in some years, the winters can be cold with a lot of snow, late spring and rainy autumn. In recent years, prolonged summer draughts and increase in temperature are observed that has an adverse impact on the water basin of the Site and its biodiversity. The water is generally permanent, feeds on groundwater.

Anthropogenic practices include forestry, cattle grazing, haymaking, sport fishing, recreation.

4.2 - What wetland type(s) are in the site?

Inland wetlands

Wetland types (code and name)	Local name	Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least)	Area (ha) of wetland type	Justification of Criterion 1
Fresh water > Flowing water >> L: Permanent inland deltas		2		Representative
Fresh water > Flowing water >> M: Permanent rivers/ streams/ creeks		1		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic soils >> Ts: Seasonal/ intermittent freshwater marshes/ pools on inorganic soils		2		
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic soils >> Xf: Freshwater, tree-dominated wetlands		1		Representative

4.3 - Biological components

4.3.1 - Plant species

Other noteworthy plant species

Phylum	Scientific name	Position in range / endemism / other
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Adonis vernalis	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/LILIOPSIDA	Epipactis helleborine	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/LILIOPSIDA	Galanthus nivalis	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/LILIOPSIDA	Lilium martagon	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Linum flavum basarabicum	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Pulsatilla pratensis	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Schivereckia podolica	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Scopolia carniolica	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/LILIOPSIDA	Stipa capillata	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Torminalis glaberrima	Red Data Book of Ukraine - NE

Invasive alien plant species

Phylum	Scientific name	Impacts	Changes at RIS update
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Acer negundo	Actual (major impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Ailanthus altissima	Actual (minor impacts)	increase
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Atriplex tatarica	Actual (minor impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Bidens frondosa	Actual (minor impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Cuscuta pentagona	Actual (minor impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Echinocystis lobata	Actual (major impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Elaeagnus angustifolia	Actual (major impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/LILIOPSIDA	Elodea canadensis	Actual (major impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Erigeron annuus	Actual (major impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Heracleum sosnowskyi	Actual (major impacts)	increase
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Impatiens parviflora	Actual (minor impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/PINOPSIDA	Pinus sylvestris	Actual (major impacts)	No change
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Robinia pseudoacacia	Actual (major impacts)	increase
TRACHEOPHYTA/MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Xanthium albinum	Actual (major impacts)	No change

4.3.2 - Animal species

Invasive alien animal species

Phylum	Scientific name	Impacts	Changes at RIS update
MOLLUSCA/BIVALVIA	Dreissena polymorpha	Actual (major impacts)	No change
MOLLUSCA/GASTROPODA	Lithoglyphus naticoides	Actual (major impacts)	No change
CHORDATA/ACTINOPTERYGII	Perccottus glenii	Actual (minor impacts)	No change
CHORDATA/ACTINOPTERYGII	Pseudorasbora parva	Actual (minor impacts)	No change

4.4 - Physical components

4.4.1 - Climate

Climatic region	Subregion
D: Moist Mid-Latitude climate with cold winters	Dfb: Humid continental (Humid with severe winter, no dry season, warm summer)

The sum of active temperatures (above 10°C) exceeds 2600 °C. Especially warm microclimate is in the river valley of the Dniester and mouth zones of valleys of its left tributaries.

Maximum summer temperature reaches 35-37°C, and the lowest temperature is caused by inflow of continental Arctic air to these latitudes. In this case, absolute minimum of air temperatures reaches -31..-35°C.

Average temperature of the warmest month (July) is +18.4°C, the coldest month (January) is -5.9°C. The period with temeratures exceeding +10°C lasts 168 days. Light frosts are typical for the period from early November to late March. Average annual rainfall is near 560 mm, the highest amount of rainfall is recorded in the spring-summer period (70-80% of the annual norm).

During the monitoring period (2012-2018), an increase in the average air temperature and decrease in rainfall were observed that has a negative impact on the water content in the wetland and its biodiversity.

4.4.2 - Geomorphic setting

a) Minimum elevation above sea level (in metres)
a) Maximum elevation above sea level (in metres)
Entire river basin
Upper part of river basin
Middle part of river basin 🗹

RIS for Site no. 1401, L	Lower Smotrych River, U	J kraine	
	Lower par	rt of river basin 🗖	
	More than	one river basin \square	
	No	ot in river basin \square	
		Coastal	
		sub-basin, please also name t	ne larger river basin. For a coastal/marine site, please name the sea or ocean.
The Dnister River Ba	sin		
4.4.3 - Soil			
		Mineral ✓	
	(Update) Changes	at RIS update No change	Increase O Decrease O Unknown O
		ble information	
Are soil types subject to conditi	o change as a result of changir ions (e.g., increased salinity or	ng hydrological Yes O No acidification)?	
Please provide further inforr			
			pread as well as surface weak- stone soils, eroded, of different depth.
i ne area is represen	ted by dark-gray podzo	oi, cnornozem-podzoi s	oils formed mainly on loess layers.
4.4.4 - Water regime			
Water permanence			
Presence?	Changes at RIS update		
Usually permanent water present			
Source of water that maintain	s character of the site		
Presence?	Predominant water source	Changes at RIS update	
Water inputs from precipitation	2	No change	
Water inputs from groundwater		No change	
Water inputs from surface	2	No change	
water	-		
Water destination Presence?	Changes at RIS update		
To downstream catchment	No change		
Stability of water regime			
Presence?	Changes at RIS update		
Water levels largely stable	No change		
			is box to explain sites with complex hydrology:
spring floods, low sur value of annual flow and wells from adjace m; in the delta area, i	mmer water level, which rate of the river ranges ent limestone rocks flov it is expanding to 600 n	h is broken by rain floo from 4.5 to 2.0 m3/sec v into the river. The riv	aract areas up to 1.0-2.0 m/sec, is characterized by well-manifested ds, and a rather higher level of water in autumn and winter. The normal including from 3.0 to 1.5 m3/sec of the surface flow); small streams er floodplain varies in its width: in some places, it is narrowed to 20-50 wer does not overflow the banks within the canyon, and do not exceed
the floodplain limits w	vitnin the delta.		
4.4.5 - Sediment regin	ne		
Significant accretion	or deposition of sediments occ	curs on the site 🗹	
	(Update) Changes	at RIS update No change	Increase O Decrease O Unknown O
	Sediment re	gime unknown	
	mation on sediment (optional):		
Due to generally perr	manent water flow, the	sediments are predom	inantly formed in spring.
(ECD) Water tu	rbidity and colour More tha	an 500 a/m3	
, vvaler tu	IVIOI & ITI	an ooo g/mo	
4.4.6 - Water pH			
	Circumneutra	I (pH: 5.5-7.4) ☑	
	(Update) Changes	at RIS update No change	Increase O Decrease O Unknown O
		Unknown	

Please provide further information on pH (optional):

Dynamics of pH value indicates the activity of photosynthesis processes in the summer period and is associated with the development of algae and emergent vegetation.

4.4.7 - Water salinity

Fresh (<0.5 g/I)
^(Update) Changes at RIS update No change □ Increase ○ Decrease ○ Unknown ○
Unknown
Please provide further information on salinity (optional):
The salinity evaluation has establinsed that the waters of the wetland belongs to the 3d class according to the middle and worst indices

4.4.8 - Dissolved or suspended nutrients in water

and are characterized as "satisfactory".

Mesotrophic V	√
(Update) Changes at RIS update	No change
Haknowa	П

4.4.9 - Features of the surrounding area which may affect the Site

Please describe whether, and if so how, the landscape and ecological characteristics in the area surrounding the Ramsar Site differ from the i) broadly similar O ii) significantly different O site itself:

Surrounding area has greater urbanisation or development O Surrounding area has higher human population density O

Surrounding area has more intensive agricultural use 🗹

Surrounding area has significantly different land cover or habitat types

4.5 - Ecosystem services

4.5.1 - Ecosystem services/benefits

Provisioning Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Food for humans	Sustenance for humans (e.g., fish, molluscs, grains)	Medium

Regulating Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Maintenance of hydrological regimes	Groundwater recharge and discharge	Medium
Maintenance of hydrological regimes	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry	Medium
Erosion protection	Soil, sediment and nutrient retention	Low
Pollution control and detoxification	Water purification/waste treatment or dilution	Medium
Climate regulation	Local climate regulation/buffering of change	Medium
Climate regulation	Regulation of greenhouse gases, temperature, precipitation and other climactic processes	Medium
Hazard reduction	Coastal shoreline and river bank stabilization and storm protection	Medium

Cultural Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Recreation and tourism	Picnics, outings, touring	High
Recreation and tourism	Nature observation and nature-based tourism	High
Recreation and tourism	Water sports and activities	High
Spiritual and inspirational	Inspiration	High
Spiritual and inspirational	Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological)	High
Scientific and educational	Educational activities and opportunities	High
Scientific and educational	Important knowledge systems, importance for research (scientific reference area or site)	High
Scientific and educational	Major scientific study site	High
Scientific and educational	Type location for a taxon	High
Scientific and educational	Long-term monitoring site	High

Supporting Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Biodiversity	Supports a variety of all life forms including plants, animals and microorganizms, the genes they contain, and the ecosystems of which they form a part	High
Soil formation	Sediment retention	Medium
Soil formation	Accumulation of organic matter	Low
Nutrient cycling	Storage, recycling, processing and acquisition of nutrients	Medium
Pollination	Support for pollinators	Medium

Within the site:	1000
Outside the site:	10000

Have studies or assessments been made of the economic valuation of ecosystem services provided by this Ramsar Site?

4.5.2 - Social and cultural values

nd 🗆	i) the site provides a model of wetland wise use, demonstrating the application of traditional knowledge and methods of management are use that maintain the ecological character of the wetland
	ii) the site has exceptional cultural traditions or records of form civilizations that have influenced the ecological character of the wetlan
	iii) the ecological character of the wetland depends on its interaction will local communities or indigenous people
al 🗌	iv) relevant non-material values such as sacred sites are present and their existence is strongly linked with the maintenance of the ecologic character of the wetlan

<no data available>

4.6 - Ecological processes

<no data available>

5 - How is the Site managed? (Conservation and management)

5.1 - Land tenure and responsibilities (Managers)

5.1.1 - Land tenure/ownership

	owners	

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
National/Federal government	/	/
Local authority, municipality, (sub)district, etc.		2

Private ownership

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
Other types of private/individual owner(s)		₽

Provide further information on the land tenure / ownership regime (optional):

a) within the Ramsar site:

State ownership: lands of the Water Fund of Ukraine including the area of water and riverside protection belts on both sides of the Smotrych River. The state of the Smotrych canyon and riverside stripes are controlled by the Administration of Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park and the Dniester Regional Basin Department. Lands of the forest (botanical reserve of national importance Panovetska Dacha) is under the control of Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park and State Enterprise "Kamyanets-Podilsky Forestry".

b) in the surrounding area:

All adjacent lands are within the Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park. Other lands of state property are lands of the Water Fund; lands of populated areas (private and municipal) and private agricultural lands (arable lands, pastures, gardens).

5.1.2 - Management authority

Please list the local office / offices of any agency or organization responsible for managing the site:	Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park
Provide the name and/or title of the person or people with responsibility for the wetland:	Oleksandr Otsyshen, Director of Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park
Postal address:	6 Polskyi Rynok Square, Kamianets-Podilskyi, Khmelnytskyi Region, 32301 Ukraine
E-mail address:	npptovtry@ukr.net

5.2 - Ecological character threats and responses (Management)

5.2.1 - Factors (actual or likely) adversely affecting the Site's ecological character

Human settlements (non agricultural)

Trainian comomonto (non a	J					
Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Housing and urban areas	High impact	High impact	✓	No change	✓	No change
Commercial and industrial areas	Medium impact	Medium impact		No change	2	No change
Tourism and recreation areas	Medium impact	High impact	/	No change	2	No change

Water regulation

vvater regulation						
Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Drainage	High impact	High impact		No change	✓	No change
Water abstraction	Medium impact	Medium impact	✓	No change	✓	No change
Salinisation	Low impact	Low impact		No change	✓	No change
Canalisation and river regulation	Medium impact	Medium impact		No change	2	No change

Agriculture and aquaculture

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Annual and perennial non-timber crops	Low impact	Low impact		No change	2	No change
Wood and pulp plantations	Medium impact	Medium impact		No change	/	No change
Livestock farming and ranching	Low impact	Low impact	>	No change	2	No change

Energy production and mining

affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Renewable energy	High impact	High impact		No change	✓	No change
ransportation and service of Factors adversely	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Roads and railroads	Low impact	Medium impact	2	No change	2	No change
Shipping lanes	Low impact	Medium impact	2	No change	2	No change
Utility and service lines	Low impact	Medium impact	2	No change	2	No change
(e.g., pipelines)	Low Impact	мешин шраст	80	No change	w.	No change
iological resource use						
Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Hunting and collecting terrestrial animals	Low impact	Low impact		No change	2	No change
Gathering terrestrial plants	Medium impact	Medium impact	✓	No change	✓	No change
Logging and wood harvesting	Low impact	Low impact		No change	2	No change
Fishing and harvesting aquatic resources	Medium impact	Medium impact		No change	2	No change
	hanaa		1			
Factors adversely	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
affecting site Recreational and tourism	High impact	High impact	✓	No change	⊘	No change
activities	gpaoc	gpaoc	exta	. to shango	<u> </u>	. to onlingo
latural system modification	S					
Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Fire and fire suppression	Medium impact	Low impact		No change	2	No change
Dams and water management/use	Medium impact	Medium impact	✓	No change	✓	No change
Vegetation clearance/ land conversion	Low impact	Medium impact	2	No change	2	No change
-		1			1	
nvasive and other problema	atic enecies and genes					
	-					
Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Factors adversely	-	Potential threat High impact	Within the site	Changes No change	In the surrounding area	
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species	Actual threat					
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely	Actual threat High impact	High impact	Ø	No change	2	No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat High impact Actual threat	High impact Potential threat	Within the site	No change Changes	In the surrounding area	No change Changes
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water	Actual threat High impact	High impact	Within the site	No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage,	Actual threat High impact Actual threat	High impact Potential threat	Within the site	No change Changes	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact	Potential threat Medium impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change No change	In the surrounding area	Changes No change No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change No change No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change No change No change No change	In the surrounding area	No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change No change No change No change No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants Excess heat, sound, light Ceological events Factors adversely	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change No change No change No change No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants Excess heat, sound, light	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change No change No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants Excess heat, sound, light Geological events Factors adversely affecting site Avalanches/landslides	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change No change No change No change No change No change Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes No change No change No change No change No change Changes
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Collution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants Excess heat, sound, light Ceological events Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact	Within the site	No change Changes No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change No change Changes No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Pollution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants Excess heat, sound, light Seological events Factors adversely affecting site Avalanches/landslides Climate change and severe Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Actual threat Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Potential threat Potential threat	Within the site Within the site Within the site Within the site	No change Changes No change Changes Changes	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change No change No change No change Changes Changes
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Pollution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants Excess heat, sound, light Seological events Factors adversely affecting site Avalanches/landslides Climate change and severe Factors adversely affecting site Habitat shifting and alteration	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact	Within the site Within the site Within the site Within the site	No change Changes No change No change No change No change No change No change Changes No change	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change No change No change Changes No changes No change
Factors adversely affecting site Invasive non-native/ alien species Pollution Factors adversely affecting site Household sewage, urban waste water Industrial and military effluents Agricultural and forestry effluents Garbage and solid waste Air-borne pollutants Excess heat, sound, light Seological events Factors adversely affecting site Avalanches/landslides Climate change and severe Factors adversely affecting site Habitat shifting and	Actual threat High impact Actual threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Actual threat Low impact	Potential threat Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Medium impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Low impact Potential threat Potential threat	Within the site Within the site Within the site Within the site	No change Changes No change Changes Changes	In the surrounding area	No change Changes No change No change No change No change Changes No change

5.2.2 - Legal conservation status

National legal designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
botanical reserve of national importance	Panovetska Dacha	https://uk.wikipedia.org/wiki/%D 0%9F%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0% B5%D1%86%D1%8C%D0%BA%D0%B0_ 4%D0%B0%D1%87%D0%B0	
National Park	Podilski Tovtry	http://www.npptovtry.org.ua	whole

5.2.3 - IUCN protected areas categories (2008)

la Strict Nature Reserve □
Ib Wilderness Area: protected area managed mainly for wilderness protection
II National Park: protected area managed mainly for ecosystem protection and recreation
Natural Monument: protected area managed mainly for conservation of specific natural features
Habitat/Species Management Area: protected area managed mainly for conservation through management intervention
Protected Landscape/Seascape: protected area managed mainly for landscape/seascape conservation and recreation
Managed Resource Protected Area: protected area managed mainly for the sustainable use of natural ecosystems

5.2.4 - Key conservation measures

Legal protection

Measures	Status
Legal protection	Implemented

Habitat

Measures	Status
Catchment management initiatives/controls	Partially implemented
Improvement of water quality	Partially implemented
Habitat manipulation/enhancement	Partially implemented

Species

Measures	Status
Reintroductions	Partially implemented
Threatened/rare species management programmes	Partially implemented
Control of invasive alien plants	Partially implemented
Control of invasive alien animals	Partially implemented

Human Activities

Measures	Status
Management of water abstraction/takes	Partially implemented
Regulation/management of wastes	Partially implemented
Fisheries management/regulation	Partially implemented
Harvest controls/poaching enforcement	Partially implemented
Regulation/management of recreational activities	Partially implemented
Communication, education, and participation and awareness activities	Partially implemented
Research	Partially implemented

5.2.5 - Management planning

Is there a site-specific management plan for the site? Yes

Has a management effectiveness assessment been undertaken for the site? Yes O No

If the site is a formal transboundary site as indicated in section Data and location > Site location, are there shared management planning Yes O No opposesses with another Contracting Party?

Please indicate if a Ramsar centre, other educational or visitor facility, or an educational or visitor programme is associated with the site:

The Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park, in which subordination the site stays, is a scientific research institution at the Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources of Ukraine. Scientific research is conducted with active participation of the employees of the Institute of Ecology of the Carpathians of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine (Lviv), M.G. Kholodny Institute of Botany and the I.I. Schmalhausen Institute of Zoology of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine (Kyiv).

5.2.6 - Planning for restoration

Is there a site-specific restoration plan? Yes, there is a plan

5.2.7 - Monitoring implemented or proposed

Monitoring	Status
Water regime monitoring	Implemented
Water quality	Implemented
Plant community	Implemented
Plant species	Implemented
Animal community	Implemented
Animal species (please specify)	Implemented
Birds	Implemented

The main research activities are monitoring the state of biological and landscape diversity within the frameworks of the annual Program on Chronicles of Nature. The Laboratory of Ecological Monitoring of Podilski Tovtry National Park and the Dniester Basin Regional Department are responsible for monitoring.

6 - Additional material

6.1 - Additional reports and documents

6.1.1 - Bibliographical references

Chronicle of Nature: Podilski Tovtry National Nature Park. - 1997-2010. [In Ukrainian]

Directory of Ukraine's Wetlands / Edited by G. Marushevsky, I. Zharuk. - Kyiv: Wetlands International Black Sea Programme, 2006. - P. 125-129. [In Ukrainian]

Phytodiversity of National Nature Parks / Edited by T.L. Andrienko & V.A. Onishchenko. - Kyiv: Naukovyi Svit, 2003. - 143 pp. [In Ukrainian]

Reserves and National Nature Parks of Ukraine. - Kyiv: Vyshcha Shkola, 1999. - 230 p. [In Ukrainian]

Wetland Management of Kamianetsky Dniester Region: monograph / V.I. Karamushka, L.G. Liubinska, M.D. Matveev, O.P. Kuchynska, I.P. Kasiianyk, A.I. Yushchuk, N.A. Chaika, V.B. Havryliuk, M.M. Riabyi, O.S. Tarasova, M.V. Drebet, A.O. Nikitin, M.I. Kozak, V.A. Kolodii. - Kamianets-Podilskyi: Moshinskyi Press, 2011. - 170 p. [in Ukrainian]

Wetlands of Podillia: monograph / Ed. by Balashov L.S., Lyubinska L.G., Matveev M.D., Kasianik I.P. - Kamianets-Podilsky: "Ruta Press" Ltd., 2014. - 240 p. [in Ukrainian]

6.1.2 - Additional reports and documents

i. taxonomic lists of plant and animal species occurring in the site (see section 4.3)

ii. a detailed Ecological Character Description (ECD) (in a national format)

iii. a description of the site in a national or regional wetland inventory

iv. relevant Article 3.2 reports

v. site management plan

vi. other published literature

6.1.3 - Photograph(s) of the Site

Please provide at least one photograph of the site:



Lower Smotrych River (



Lower Smotrych River (Mykhailo Drebet, 11-06 2014)

6.1.4 - Designation letter and related data

Designation letter

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Date of Designation 2003-11-17