

Ramsar Information Sheet

Published on 6 April 2018 Update version, previously published on : 1 January 2002

SwedenKallgate-Hejnum



Designation date
Site number
1120
Coordinates
57°40'41"N 18°41'51"E
Area
1647,00 ha

Color codes

Fields back-shaded in light blue relate to data and information required only for RIS updates.

Note that some fields concerning aspects of Part 3, the Ecological Character Description of the RIS (tinted in purple), are not expected to be completed as part of a standard RIS, but are included for completeness so as to provide the requested consistency between the RIS and the format of a 'full' Ecological Character Description, as adopted in Resolution X.15 (2008). If a Contracting Party does have information available that is relevant to these fields (for example from a national format Ecological Character Description) it may, if it wishes to, include information in these additional fields.

1 - Summary

Summary

The site consists of a large and diverse area on the island of Gotland. There is a large mosaic complex of wetland, flat rocks and forest on limestone bedrock within the area. The wetlands consist of fens, small creeks and a number of springs. Some areas are temporarily flooded after snow melting. The fen vegetation is most often dominated by Cladium mariscus, but other parts have other vegetation types, for example rich fens and spring fens vegetation. The flora is particularly interesting, with a large number of rare plant species, many of them included in the Swedish Red List. The lime in the soils and a multitude of springs contribute to the special flora.

2 - Data & location

2.1 - Formal data

2.1	.1	-	Name	and	addre	ess of	f the	comp	iler of	this	RIS
-----	----	---	------	-----	-------	--------	-------	------	---------	------	-----

Com	

Name	Sebastian Bolander
Institution/agency	County administrative board of Gotland
Postal address	Länsstyrelsen Gotland Visborgsallén 4 621 85 Visby, Sweden
E-mail	gotland@lansstyrelsen.se
Phone	+46 10 223 90 00
Fax	+46 498 217 289
Compiler 2	
Name	Jenny Lonnstad
Institution/agency	Naturvårdsverket (Swedish EPA)
Postal address	Naturvårdsverket, 106 48 Stockholm, Sweden
E-mail	jenny.lonnstad@naturvardsverket.se
Phone	+46 10 698 15 92
Fax	+46 10 698 16 00

2.1.2 - Period of collection of data and information used to compile the RIS

From year 2002

To year 2017

2.1.3 - Name of the Ramsar Site

Official name (in English, French or Spanish)

Unofficial name (optional)

Kallgate-Hejnum (peatlands)

2.1.4 - Changes to the boundaries and area of the Site since its designation or earlier update

(Update) A Changes to Site boundary Yes O No

(Update) B. Changes to Site area No change to area

2.1.5 - Changes to the ecological character of the Site

(Update) 6b i. Has the ecological character of the Ramsar Site (including applicable Criteria) changed since the previous RIS?
(Update) Are the changes Positive O Negative O Positive & Negative ●
(Update) Positive % 10
(Update) Negative % 1
^(Update) No information available □
(Update) Changes resulting from causes operating within the existing boundaries?
(Update) Changes resulting from causes operating beyond the site's boundaries?
(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary reduction alone (e.g., the exclusion of some wetland types formerly included within the site)?
(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary increase alone (e.g., the inclusion of different wetland types in the site)?

(Update) Please describe any changes to the ecological character of the Ramsar Site, including in the application of the Criteria, since the previous RIS for the site.

A positive change is that parts of the site have been cleared from high grown vegetation and is now managed by grazing. Negative changes include that a forest have been cut in the north-eastern part of the site. Another negative change is that a creak has been illegally cleared from vegetation and sediment, with the purpose to increase the speed of the water flow. The water course is now under restoration.

(Update) Is the change in ecological character negative, human-induced AND a significant change (above the limit of acceptable change)

2.2 - Site location

2.2.1 - Defining the Site boundaries

b) Digital map/image

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Former maps 0

Boundaries description

The site border is the same as the border for the Swedish Mire Protection Plan (1994) for the site Kallgate.

2.2.2 - General location

- a) In which large administrative region does the site lie?

 Gotland

 b) What is the nearest town or population centre?

 Visby
- 2.2.3 For wetlands on national boundaries only
 - a) Does the wetland extend onto the territory of one or more other countries?
 - b) Is the site adjacent to another designated Ramsar Site on the territory of another Contracting Party?

2.2.4 - Area of the Site

Official area, in hectares (ha): 1647

Area, in hectares (ha) as calculated from

GIS boundaries 1645.88

2.2.5 - Biogeography

Biogeographic regions

Regionalisation scheme(s)	Biogeographic region
Udvardy's Biogeographical Provinces	10. Boreonemoral
Bailey's Ecoregions	240. Marine division
WWF Terrestrial Ecoregions	Sarmatic mixed forest PA0436
Other scheme (provide name below)	Sarmatic mixed forest
Freshwater Ecoregions of the World (FEOW)	406. Northern Baltic drainages
EU biogeographic regionalization	Boreal

Other biogeographic regionalisation scheme

EEA, 2002. Digital Map of European Ecological Regions (DMEER): Sarmatic mixed forest

3 - Why is the Site important?

3.1 - Ramsar Criteria and their justification

☑ Criterion 1: Representative, rare or unique natural or near-natural wetland types

There are several areas with outflowing groundwater at the site. The water quality is very good. The area provided water for the aquatic areas downstream the site.

Other ecosystem services provided

The fens store some carbon, even if it not large amount with respect to the not so deep peat layer.

The site is a rare example of a natural wetland type (seasonally flooded areas on calcareous ground, Cladium fens, rich fens and spring fens) in the EU Boreal region. Cladium fens are rare in other parts of

- ☑ Criterion 2 : Rare species and threatened ecological communities
- ☑ Criterion 3 : Biological diversity

The site support many both rare and representative species connected with Cladium fens, spring fens and rich fens as well as temporarily flooded areas. Because of the lime in the soil the flora is very rich.

Since limestone bedrock is comparatively rare in Sweden, there are several species that can be found at the site, that are more or less rare on mainland Sweden. The site has also a diversified moss flora.

Characeae species grow on the bottom of the springs. The flora also contains 26 species of orchids.

☑ Criterion 4 : Support during critical life cycle stage or in adverse conditions

3.2 - Plant species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Sweden and the ones at the site are large ones.

Scientific name	Common name	Criterion 2	Criterion 3	Criterion 4	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendix I	Other status	Justification
Anacamptis pyramidalis	Pyramidal orchid		Ø				Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). Protected species according to the (SFS 2007:845).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Campyliadelphus elodes	fine-leaved marsh feather- moss		Ø					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Centaurium erythraea	Common centaury	V	2		LC Sign		Swedish Red list 2015 (VU).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Cladium mariscus	Great Fen-Sedge		Ø		LC ●辭			See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Cypripedium calceolus	Ladys-slipper orchid		Ø		LC Sign	2	EC Habitats Directive Annex II. Protected species according to the (SFS 2007:845).	One of two stands in the county. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Euphrasia salisburgensis schoenicola			Ø				Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Fissidens adianthoides	maidenhair pocketmoss		Ø					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.

Scientific name	Common name	Criterion 2	Criterion 3	Criterion 4	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendix I	Other status	Justification
Gymnadenia odoratissima			V		LC		Protected species according to the (SFS 2007:845). Globally the most northern site for the species.	The most northern stand for the species in the world. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Inula ensifolia		2	Ø				Swedish Red list 2015 (VU).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Juncus subnodulosus	Bluntflower rush		Ø		LC ©			See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Leucobryum glaucum	pincushion moss		Ø					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Philonotis calcarea	thick-nerved apple-moss		Ø				Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Potamogeton coloratus	Fen Pondweed	Ø	Ø		LC ©		Swedish Red list 2015 (VU).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Primula farinosa	Bird's-eye primrose		Ø				Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Schoenus ferrugineus	Narrow small-reed		Ø					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Schoenus nigricans	Black Bog-rush		Ø		LC oth			See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Scorpidium cossonii	intermediate hook-moss		Ø					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Tofieldia calyculata	alpine asphodel		V					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Tomentypnum nitens	woolly feather-moss		V					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Trichocolea tomentella			Ø					See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.

Criterion 2 and 3: For all species, their status in the Swedish Red List and general information for that classification etc can be found at http://artfakta.artdatabanken.se/. Observations can be found in www.artportalen.se.

Additional species for the criteria 2 and 3: The site hosts the red-listed lichen Coniocarpon cinnabarinum, CR in the Swedish Red List of 2015. The species is dependent on the high humidity created by the wetlands.

Additional species for the criterion 3: In the central part of the site, where there is artesian groundwater, Characeae species grow on the bottom of the springs.

3.3 - Animal species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Species qualifies under criterion 2 4 6 9	Specie contribut under criterio 3 5 7	Pop. Size	riod of pop. Est.	% occurrence 1)	IUCN Red List	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
Birds											
CHORDATA/ AVES	Accipiter gentilis	Northern Goshawk						LC •#		Swedish Red List 2015, (NT).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Apus apus	Common Swift						LC •Si		Swedish Red List 2015, (VU).	Foraging. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Caprimulgus europaeus	European Nightjar						LC ●数 ●簡		Swedish Red List 2015, (NT). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Circus pygargus	Montagu's Harrier		$ \square $				LC ●辭		Swedish Red List 2015, (EN). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Emberiza citrinella	Yellowhammer						LC ©SF		Swedish Red List 2015, (CR).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Grus grus	Common Crane						LC ●部		EC Birds Directive Annex I.	Foraging, displaying. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Lyrurus tetrix							LC		EC Birds Directive Annex I.	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Regulus regulus	Goldcrest						LC		Swedish Red List 2015, (VU).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Others											
	sanguisorbana									Swedish Red List 2015, (VU).	Reproduction. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
INSECTA	Eurodryas aurinia	Marsh fritillary	8800							Swedish Red List 2015, (VU).	Reproduction. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
ARTHROPODA / INSECTA	<u> </u>	Glanville fritillary								Swedish Red List 2015, (NT).	Reproduction. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
ARTHROPODA / INSECTA	Parnassius apollo	Apollo						VU •Si •Si		Swedish Red List 2015, (NT).	Reproduction. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
ARTHROPODA / INSECTA	fastuosa									Swedish Red List 2015, (EN).	Reproduction. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
ARTHROPODA / INSECTA	Scopula virgulata		9 900							Swedish Red List 2015, (W).	Reproduction. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
ARTHROPODA / INSECTA	Zygaena filipendulae									Swedish Red List 2015, (NT).	Reproduction. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.

¹⁾ Percentage of the total biogeographic population at the site

Criterion 2, 3 and 4: For all species, their status in the Swedish Red List and general information for that classification etc can be found at http://artfakta.artdatabanken.se/. Observations can be found in www.artportalen.se.

3.4 - Ecological communities whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

RIS for Site no. 1120, Kallgate-Hejnum, Sweden

Name of ecological community	Community qualifies under Criterion 2?	Description	Justification	
7230. Alkaline fens	Ø	Wetlands mostly or largely occupied by peat- or tufa-producing small sedge and brown moss communities developed on soils permanently waterlogged, with a soligenous or topogenous base rich, often calcareous water supply.	The habitat is listed in EC Habitats Directive Annex II. The habitat had an unfavourable status in the Swedish part of the EU boreal region in 2013.	
6410. Molinia meadows on calcareous, peaty or dayey-siltladen soils	Ø	Molinia meadows of plain to montane levels, on more or less wet nutrient poor soils (nitrogen, phosphorus). They stem from extensive management, sometimes with a mowing late in the year.	The habitat is listed in EC Habitats Directive Annex II. The habitat had an unfavourable status in the Swedish part of the EU boreal region in 2013.	
3260. Water courses of plain to montane levels	₩	Water courses of plain to montane levels, with submerged or floating vegetation of the Ranunculion fluitantis and Callitricho-Batrachion (low water level during summer) or aquatic mosses.	The habitat is listed in EC Habitats Directive Annex II. The habitat had an unfavourable status in the Swedish part of the EU boreal region in 2013.	
7220. Petrifying springs with tufa formation	Ø	Hard water springs with active formation of travertine or tufa. These formations can be found in many ecosystems and can form complexes with mire habitats. They are generally small (point or linear formations) and dominated by bryophytes.	The habitat is listed in EC Habitats Directive Annex II. The habitat had an unfavourable status in the Swedish part of the EU boreal region in 2013.	

4 - What is the Site like? (Ecological character description)

4.1 - Ecological character

The site consists of a large and diverse area on the island of Gotland. There is a large mosaic complex of wetlands (mostly peatlands), flat bedrock and forests at the site. In the wetlands there are small areas of forested limestone bedrock or drier moraine "isles".

The wetlands consist of fens, small creaks and a number of springs. Some areas are temporarily flooded after snow melting. The fen vegetation is most often dominated by Cladium mariscus, but other parts have other vegetation types, for example rich fens and spring fen vegetation.

Since limestone bedrock is comparatively rare in Sweden, there are several species that can be found in the site, species that are more or less rare on mainland Sweden. There are several red-listed species at the site. The flora is particularly interesting, with a large number of rare plant species, many of them included in the Swedish Red List. The lime and a multitude of springs contribute to an interesting flora. In the central part of the site, where there is artesian groundwater, Characeae species grow on the bottom of the springs. The flora also contains 26 species of orchids. The site is locally affected by forestry and drainage.

4.2 - What wetland type(s) are in the site?

Inland wetlands

Wetland types (code and name)	Local name	Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least)	Area (ha) of wetland type	Justification of Criterion 1
Fresh water > Flowing water >> Mt Permanent rivers/ streams/ creeks		0		Representative
Fresh water > Flowing water >> N: Seasonal/ intermittent/ irregular rivers/ streams/ creeks	Temporära vattendrag	2		Rare
Fresh water > Lakes and pools >> Tp: Permanent freshwater marshes/ pools		0		
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic soils >> Ts: Seasonal/ intermittent freshwater marshes/ pools on inorganic soils		0		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on peat soils >> U: Permanent Non- forested peatlands	Öppna myrar	4		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic soils >> Xf: Freshwater, tree-dominated wetlands	Träddominerad våtmark mineraljord	3		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on peat soils >> Xp: Permanent Forested peatlands	Trädklädda myrar	1		Representative
Fresh water > Flowing water >> Y: Permanent Freshwater springs; oases	Källor	0		Representative

4.3 - Biological components

4.3.1 - Plant species

<no data available>

4.3.2 - Animal species

<no data available>

4.4 - Physical components

4.4.1 - Climate

Climatic region	Subregion
C: Moist Mid-Latitude dimate with mild winters	Cfb: Marine west coast (MId with no dry season, warm summer)

4 4 0	O	14.5	445
4.4.2 -	Geomorp	nıc	settino

a) Mnimum elevation above sea level (in metres)	10
a) Maximum elevation above sea level (in metres)	45
	Entire river basin
	Upper part of river basin \square
	Middle part of river basin
	Lower part of river basin
	More than one river basin \square
	Not in river basin

Please name the river basin or basins. If the site lies in a sub-basin, please also name the larger river basin. For a coastal/marine site, please name the sea or ocean.

Coastal

The site is situated in the Vikean catchment area.

4.4.3 - Soil

Mineral	☑
(Update) Changes at RIS update	No change Increase Decrease Unknown O

No available information \Box

Are soil types subject to change as a result of changing hydrological conditions (e.g., increased salinity or acidification)? Yes ○ No ●

4.4.4 - Water regime

Water permanence

Presence?	Changes at RIS update
Usually seasonal, ephemeral or intermittent water present	
Usually permanent water present	

Source of water that maintains character of the site

Presence?	Predominant water source	Changes at RIS update
Water inputs from groundwater		No change
Water inputs from rainfall		No change

Water destination

Presence?	Changes at RIS update
Feeds groundwater	No change
To downstream catchment	No change

Stability of water regime

Presence?	Changes at RIS update
Water levels largely stable	No change

Please add any comments on the water regime and its determinants (if relevant). Use this box to explain sites with complex hydrology.

There are plenty of springs within the site. By large unaffected by human activities which contributes to the maintenance of water quality. The area has a high value as a water reservoir.

4.4.5 - Sediment regime

Sediment regime unknown \square

Please provide further information on sediment (optional):

There is hardly any sediment regime at the site.

	Ak	kaline (pH>7.4) ☑	
	(Update) Changes	s at RIS update No change inc	rease O Decrease O Unknown O
		Unknown	
		OTINIOWIT L	
4.4.7 - Water salinity			
4.4.7 - Water Sairrity		_	
	F	Fresh (<0.5 g/l) 🗹	
	(Update) Changes	s at RIS update No change Inc	rease O Decrease O Unknown O
		Unknown	
4.4.8 - Dissolved or sus	snended nutrients in wat	ter	
4.4.0 Diodolivou of ouc	pportaga riadironio iri wai		
		Oligotrophic 🗹	
	(Update) Changes	s at RIS update No change inc	rease O Decrease O Unknown O
		Unknown	
4.4.9 - Features of the	surrounding area which	may affect the Site	
Diagon des cribe udenther	and if an how the lands cane	and applement	
	and if so how, the landscape surrounding the Ramsar Site	and ecological e differ from the i) broadly similar ^l	O ii) significantly different ⊚
STATAGOTTO HOUSE HE HE ALCA	Sarrounding the Named Olic	site itself:	- ", organizating dimotors -
Surrounding ar	ea has greater urbanisation o	or development	
· ·	•	•	
Surrounding	g area has higher human pop	Dulation density L	
Surround	ing area has more intensive a	agricultural use 🗆	
Surrounding area has sig	nificantly different land cover o	or habitat types	
4.5 - Ecosystem s	ervices		
•			
4.5.1 - Ecosystem servi	ices/benefits		
Provisioning Services			
Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance	
Wetland non-food products	Livestock fodder	Medium	
Daniela Cariana			
Regulating Services			
Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance	
Ecosystem service	Examples Storage and delivery of	Importance/Extent/Significance	
Maintenance of hydrological	Storage and delivery of water as part of water	Importance/Extent/Significance Medium	
	Storage and delivery of		
Maintenance of hydrological	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for		
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry	Medium	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage	Medium	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage	Medium	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological)	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological)	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosystems.	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Mic valuation of Yes O No O Unit Ramsar Site?	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys 4.5.2 - Social and cultur i) the site provides a more	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this ral values	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low inic valuation of Yes O No O Unit Ramsar Site?	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys 4.5.2 - Social and culture i) the site provides a manapplication of traditional kr	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this ral values odel of wetland wise use, den	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low inic valuation of Yes O No O Unit Ramsar Site?	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys 4.5.2 - Social and culture i) the site provides a me application of traditional kruse that main	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this ral values odel of wetland wise use, denowledge and methods of maintain the ecological character	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low inc valuation of Yes O No O Unit Ramsar Site? ronstrating the imagement and Imagemen	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys 4.5.2 - Social and culture i) the site provides a me application of traditional kruse that mai ii) the site has excep	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this ral values odel of wetland wise use, denowledge and methods of ma	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Mic valuation of Seams ar Site? Yes O No O Unland the Importance of the wetland cords of former	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys 4.5.2 - Social and culture i) the site provides a material application of traditional known use that main ii) the site has exceptivilizations that have influed.	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistern services provided by this call values and and archaeological character of the ecological character of the ec	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low mic valuation of real Ramsar Site? Yes O No O United the Imagement and real real real real real real real real	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessment ecosystems and culture i) the site provides a more application of traditional known use that main ii) the site has exceptivilizations that have influed iii) the ecological characteristics.	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistem services provided by this cal values codel of wetland wise use, denowledge and methods of maintain the ecological character stronal cultural traditions or recottonal cultural traditions or re	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Mic valuation of Ramsar Site? Yes O No O Unit Ramsar Site?	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys 4.5.2 - Social and culture i) the site provides a material application of traditional known application of traditional known applications that have influed iii) the ecological characterial with the second in t	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistern services provided by this call values codel of wetland wise use, denowledge and methods of maintain the ecological character of the wetland depends or the local communities or indigental communities or	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Mic valuation of Ramsar Site? Yes O No O United to the wetland Coords of former of the wetland on its interaction enous peoples	
Maintenance of hydrological regimes Hazard reduction Cultural Services Ecosystem service Spiritual and inspirational Supporting Services Ecosystem service Nutrient cycling Have studies or assessme ecosys 4.5.2 - Social and culture i) the site provides a me application of traditional kruse that mai ii) the site has exceptivilizations that have influed iii) the ecological characteristic with the second iii) the ecological characteristic iv) relevant non-material virial services	Storage and delivery of water as part of water supply systems for agriculture and industry Flood control, flood storage Examples Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) Examples Carbon storage/sequestration ents been made of the economistern services provided by this call values odel of wetland wise use, denowledge and methods of maintain the ecological character stronal cultural traditions or received the ecological character of the wetland depends or	Medium Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Importance/Extent/Significance Low Mic valuation of Ramsar Site? Yes O No O Unlambda Cords of former of the wetland cords of former or of the wetland in its interaction enous peoples Importance/Extent/Significance of the wetland or of the wetland o	

4.6 - Ecological processes

<no data available>

5 - How is the Site managed? (Conservation and management)

5.1 - Land tenure and responsibilities (Managers)

5.1.1 - Land tenure/ownership

lic owners	

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
National/Federal government	✓	

Private ownership

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
Religious body/organization	✓	
Other types of private/individual owner(s)	 ✓	₽

Provide further information on the land tenure / ownership regime (optional):

The protected parts of the site are owned privately, by the Church and by state. The rest of the site is mainly privately owned. The surrounding area is mainly privately owned.

5.1.2 - Management authority

agency or organization responsible for	Länsstyrelsen i Gotlands län (County Administrative Board of Gotland)
managing the site: Provide the name and title of the person or	
people with responsibility for the wetland:	Sebastian Bolander. Ecologist
Postal address:	Länsstyrelsen i Gotlands län (County Administrative Board of Gotland) Visborgsallén 4 621 85 VISBY, SWEDEN
E-mail address:	sebastian.bolander@lansstyrelsen.se

5.2 - Ecological character threats and responses (Management)

5.2.1 - Factors (actual or likely) adversely affecting the Site's ecological character

Water regulation

affecting site "	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Drainage			✓		✓	

Transportation and service corridors

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Unspecified	Low impact	Low impact		No change	✓	No change
Roads and railroads	Low impact	unknown impact	✓	No change		No change

Biological resource use

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Logging and wood harvesting					V	

Natural system modifications

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Vegetation clearance/ land conversion			/			

Please describe any other threats (optional):

There are old ditches within the site, which have dried up the ground severely at some places. Threats to the rare flora include maintenance of ditches (new operations have been banned) and overgrowth/decreased grazing. On the other hand, too intense grazing can be harmful to several species. The roads traversing the site have probably also contributed to local dryness. Forestry is also a threat in many ways, even if it is not conducted within the site; areas next to the site have been clear-cut and forestry machines have damaged the site by being driven into it.

The "Unspecified" under "Transportation and service corridors" is referring to that forestry machines have damaged the site by being driven into it.

5.2.2 - Legal conservation status

Regional (international) legal designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
EU Natura 2000	Bojsvätar SAC	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/gotl and/SiteCollectionDocuments/Sw/d jur- och-natur/skyddad-natur/natu ra- 2000/natura-2000-pa-gotland/b ojsvatar1.pdf	partly
EU Natura 2000	Hejnum Kallgate SAC	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/gotl and/SiteCollectionDocuments/Swld jur- och-natur/skyddad-natur/natu ra- 2000/natura-2000-pa-gotland/h ejnum_kallgate.pdf	partly
EU Natura 2000	Kallgatburg SAC	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/gotl and/SiteCollectionDocuments/Swld jur- och-natur/skyddad-natur/natu ra- 2000/natura-2000-pa-gotland/k allgatburg.pdf	partly

National legal designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
Nature reserve	Bojsvätar	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/Gotl and/Sv/djur-och-natur/skyddad-na tur/naturresen/at/bojsvatar/Page s/default.aspx	partly
Nature reserve	Kallgatburg	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/Gotl and/Svdjur-och-natur/skyddad-na tur/naturreservat/kallgatburg/Pa ges/indexaspx	partly

5.2.3 - IUCN protected areas categories (2008)

la Strict Nature	Reserve	

Ib Wilderness Area: protected area managed mainly for wilderness protection

II National Park: protected area managed mainly for ecosystem protection and recreation

III Natural Monument: protected area managed mainly for conservation of specific natural features

IV Habitat/Species Management Area: protected area managed mainly for conservation through management intervention

V Protected Landscape/Seascape: protected area managed mainly for landscape/seascape conservation and recreation

M Managed Resource Protected Area: protected area managed mainly for the sustainable use of natural ecosystems

5.2.4 - Key conservation measures

Legal protection

Legal protection			
Measures	Status		
Legal protection	Proposed		

Human Activities

Measures	Status
Livestock management/exclusion (excluding fisheries)	Proposed

Other:

There is on-going work with protecting the now unprotected parts of the Ramsar site as nature reserves.

5.2.5 - Management planning

Is there a site-specific management plan for the site? Yes

Has a management effectiveness assessment been undertaken for the site?

If the site is a formal transboundary site as indicated in section Data and location > Site location, are there shared management planning Yes O No

processes with another Contracting Party?

Please indicate if a Ramsar centre, other educational or visitor facility, or an educational or visitor programme is associated with the site:

There are no visitor facilities especially for the Ramsar site but the nature reserve has information signs and a parking lot.

5.2.6 - Planning for restoration

Is there a site-specific restoration plan? No need identified

Further information

Parts of the site have been restored to grassland and are now managed by grazing. One water course in the north is being restored 2017.

5.2.7 - Monitoring implemented or proposed

Monitoring	Status	
Plant community	Proposed	

Parts of the site are monitored. Inventory of the species Eurodryas aurinia (Marsh fritillary) is performed on regular basis.

6 - Additional material

6.1 - Additional reports and documents

6.1.1 - Bibliographical references

Martinsson, M. 1997. Våtmarker på Gotland. Del 1 och 2. Länsstyrelsen i Gotlands län.

Naturvårdsverket. 1994. Myrskyddsplan för Sverige.

6.1.2 - Additional reports and documents

i. taxonomic lists of plant and animal species occurring in the site (see section 4.3)

ii. a detailed Ecological Character Description (ECD) (in a national format)

<no file available>

iii. a description of the site in a national or regional wetland inventory

<no file available>

iv. relevant Article 3.2 reports

<no file available>

v. site management plan

vi. other published literature

<1 file(s) uploaded>

6.1.3 - Photograph(s) of the Site

Please provide at least one photograph of the site:



Fens with Brown Bog-rush (Sebastian Bolander, 25-04-2017)



Marsh with Great Fen-Sedge. (Sebastian Bolander, 25-04-2017)

6.1.4 - Designation letter and related data

Designation letter

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Date of Designation 2001-11-14